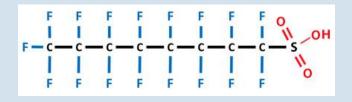
PFAS in Drinking Water Update

MHOA Seminar March 2023

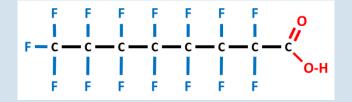


A. Margaret Finn, P.E. Environmental Engineer MassDEP Drinking Water Program

What Are PFAS?



- Per and polyfluoroalkyl Substances
- Family of thousands of compounds
- **Extremely stable** Heat & stain resistant, water repellant
- "Forever chemicals" Very persistent, do not biodegrade
- Water Soluble Travel easily in water



Uses of PFAS

- Aqueous film-forming foam (AFFF)
- Textile and leather treatments

 stain resistance/water repellency
- Paper coatings grease resistant
- "Waxes" floor, car, ski
- Manufacturing







PFAS in the Environment

- Manufactured chemicals, widely used since the 1950s
- Now found in water, air, fish, and soil at locations across the nation and the globe
- CDC conducted a study between 2000-2014 and found 98% of Americans have some amount of PFAS in their blood.
- Long-chain PFAS are voluntarily being phased out by industry but are often replaced by short-chain PFAS.
- Blood Levels of PFOS and PFOA (the two most common PFAS) have been dropping.

Potential Health Effects



- Effects on the
 - Liver
 - Blood
 - Immune system
- Endocrine disruption thyroid hormone effects
- Developmental risks to fetus/infants
 - Neurotoxicity, bone, mammary gland, birth weight
- Possibly cancers kidney; testes; pancreas; liver

Low Levels are a Concern

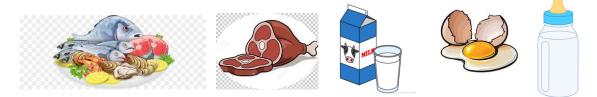
- PFAS bioaccumulates
- Primarily in the blood, liver and kidney
- People exposed to parts-pertrillion levels of
 PFAS have measured blood levels of in the parts-per-billion range
- We also know that ppt levels of some chemicals in blood have significant effects



Chemical	Levels
Normal estradiol in women of child- bearing age	15-350 ppt
Normal insulin in adults	56 - 560 ppt

Why Focus on Drinking Water and Not Food?

- Diet is the largest source of PFAS exposure.
- Drinking water contributes 20% and up to 75% near contaminated sites.
- Drinking water is main source for infants.



Largest sources in the diet:

• Seafood, meat, milk, eggs, and drinking water



Massachusetts PFAS **Drinking Water Standard**

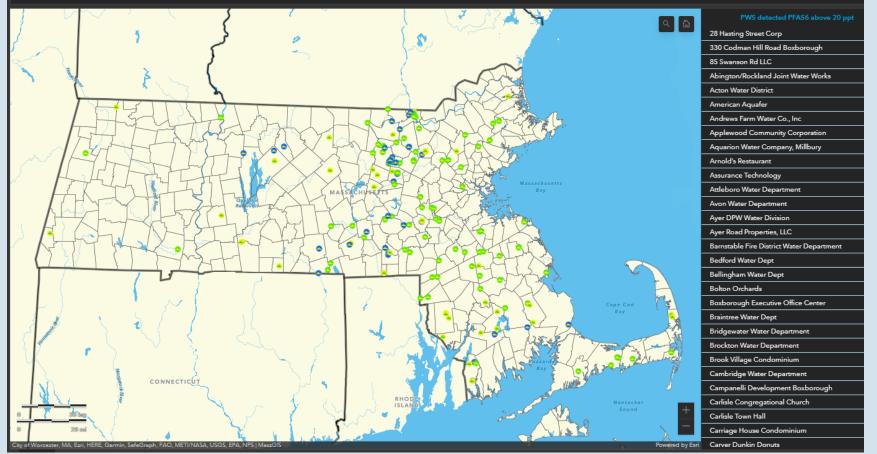
- Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) for PFAS6 established in October 2020
- MCL = 20 parts-per-trillion (nanograms per liter)
- "PFAS6" MCL is the sum of six PFAS:
- PFOS: perfluorooctane sulfonic acid
 PFNA:perfluorononanoic acid
- PFOA: perfluorooctanoic acid
- PFHxS: perfluorohexane sulfonic acid PFDA: perfluorodecanoic acid •
- PFHpA: perfluoroheptanoic acid
- Transient Non-Community PWS are not subject to the MCL but were required to test

Public Water Supply Testing Results

Type of Public Water Supplier	# PWS (non- consecutive)	# PWS with one or more results over the MCL of 20 ppt	% of PWS
Community	449	85	19%
Non-Transient Non-Community	234	38	16%
Transient Non- Community	734	47	6%
Total	1417	170	12%

PFAS discovered at 170 PWS Sources

Public Water System PFAS Detection and Response Actions Public Water Systems (PWS) who detected PFAS6 over the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) in their finished water and their response actions



https://www.mass.gov/info-details/per-and-polyfluoroalkyl-substances-pfas#pfas-detected-indrinking-water-supplies-in-massachusettsor google *MassDEP PFAS* for our webpage w/maps

PWS Testing Results on the Web

< Mass.gov | Executive Office of Energy & Environmental Affairs (EEA)

Energy & Environmental Affairs Data Portal An official application of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts

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Search for Drinking Water					
PWS ID 😧		PWS Name 🖓		- 45	
Town 😧		Class 🖓			
Select Contaminant Group ?	~	Select			~
Select	~	Select			~
Raw OR Finished 📀	~	Collected Date 🛿	🗎 to	#	
<pre> PREVIOUS X CLEAR </pre>					Q SEARCH

PWS testing results are available in the EEA data portal. Search under the chemical name: "PFAS6" or to see all the PFAS chemicals, search under the contaminant group "PFAS".

https://eeaonline.eea.state.ma.us/Portal/#!/search/drinking-water

Actions Being Taken by PWS

- New treatment (most common is GAC but also Ion Exchange Resin being used)
- Shutting off wells
- Interconnections to other PWS
- Blending water from several sources
- New water mains
- New wells



Vessels containing GAC at a school

Financial Investment by PWS and the Commonwealth

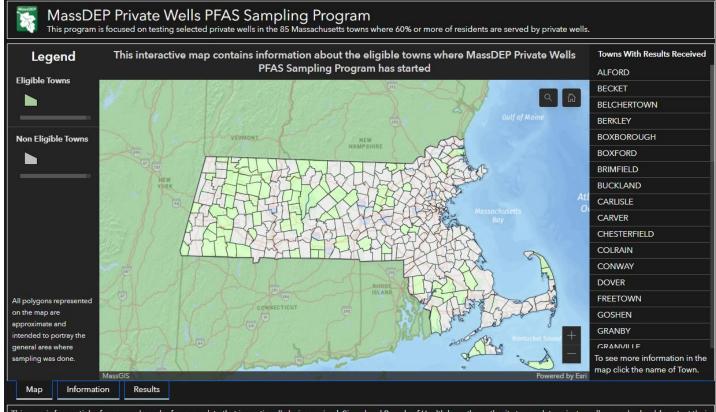


- 36 new water treatment facilities or additions to existing WTFs have been constructed and activated by our PWS to remove PFAS (temporary and permanent systems)
- \$10 million in grants awarded to PWS for the design and planning of treatment
- MassDEP and the Clean Water Trust have issued 24 loans or loan commitments totaling over \$200 million at 0% interest rate for construction projects to address PFAS contamination
- The 2023 Draft Intended Use Plan (IUP) for the Drinking Water State Revolving Loan Fund includes 25 projects to address PFAS contamination.

Private Well Testing Results from the MassDEP-UMass Program

- Meetings/outreach were held with town and state officials in the 85 selected communities with > 60% residents served by private wells.
- 1,668 homeowners sampled.
- 95% were below the MCL.
- 10 private wells had results above the 90 ppt imminent hazard.
- There are approximately 200,000 private wells in Massachusetts serving 600,000 residents.

Private Well Testing Results



This map is for spatial reference only and references data that is continually being revised. Since local Boards of Health have the authority to regulate private wells, people should contact their local board of health for information about groundwater quality issues.

MassDEP webpage on PFAS in private wells:

https://www.mass.gov/info-details/per-and-polyfluoroalkylsubstances-pfas-in-private-well-drinking-water-supplies-fag

Resources Available

MassDEP Consumer Fact Sheet

https://www.mass.gov/doc/massdep-fact-sheet-pfas-in-drinking-waterquestions-and-answers-for-consumers

MassDEP webpage: PFAS in Private Wells

https://www.mass.gov/info-details/per-and-polyfluoroalkyl-substances-pfas-inprivate-well-drinking-water-supplies-faq

 ATSDR/CDC Information for Clinicians and Health Professionals

https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/pfas/resources/info-for-health-professionals.html

General PFAS Questions, email the MassDEP Drinking Water Program: Program.Director-DWP@mass.gov

Federal Regulations of PFAS in Drinking Water

- 2009 EPA issued provisional guideline of 200 ppt for PFOS and 400 ppt PFOA.
- 2016, based on new research and epidemiological studies, EPA lowered its drinking water Health Advisory to 70 ppt for sum of PFOS and PFOA.
- 2022 EPA issued new interim Health Advisories for two PFAS: PFOS 0.02 ppt and PFOA 0.004 ppt
- 2023 EPA will be issuing draft regulations establishing an MCL

Health Advisories are non-enforceable and non-regulatory and provide technical information to states agencies and other public health officials.

This Just In...

- March 14, 2023 The USEPA announced proposed Maximum Contaminant Levels for 6 PFAS
 PFOS = 4 ppt
 PFOA = 4 ppt
 PFNA, PFHxS, PFBS and GenX = Hazard Index Calculation (used for mixtures of chemicals)
- March 29th there will be a webinar on the proposal and May 4th there will be a public hearing
- USEPA anticipates finalizing the regulation by the end of 2023
- More Info: <u>https://www.epa.gov/sdwa/and-polyfluoroalkyl-substances-pfas#</u>

Identified sources of PFAS contamination of drinking water supplies

- Aqueous film-forming foam AFFF (airports, fire-fighting training areas, structure and vehicle fires, etc.)
- Manufacturers (Industrial Coatings)
- Composting facility
- Scrap/waste metal distribution facility
- Biosolids application
- Landfills
- Not yet identified

Documents regarding Investigation of PFAS Contaminated Sites

https://eeaonline.eea.state.ma.us/portal#!/home

Environmental Data Search

Search for environmental data on permits, facilities, inspections, enforcements, and specific environmental datasets. You can customize your search results using filters.





SEE ALL DATA SEARCH CATEGORIES >



More Information on our PFAS webpage

https://www.mass.gov/info-details/per-and-polyfluoroalkyl-substances-pfas or just google *MassDEP PFAS*

Mass.gov	Search Mass.gov	SEARCH Q
MassDEP > Drinking water health & safety		
OFFERED BY Massachusetts Department of Environmental Protection		

Per- and Polyfluoroalkyl Substances (PFAS)

Learn about a group of contaminants in the environment called Per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS). Find out where they have been found and what Massachusetts is doing to address them.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

- What are PFAS and why are they a problem?
- Interagency Task Force and AG Lawsuit
- Drinking Water Standards and Health Information
- PFAS detected in drinking water supplies in Massachusetts
- Laboratories, testing and sample collection for drinking water
- Bottled water and home water filters
- PFAS and waste sites
- PFAS in Fire Fighting Foam
- PFAS in Residuals
- PFAS in Wastewater Facilities with NPDES Permits
- PFAS in Massachusetts Rivers
- Pesticide products/mosquito control

General PFAS Questions, email the MassDEP Drinking Water Program: Program.Director-DWP@mass.gov